FEATURE 146

ACCESS MANAGEMENT

Roadway Side	Allows	s Tie	LRS Package	Feature Type	Interlocking	Secured
C Yes			No	Length	Yes	Yes
		A represe RCI as no		listrict will gather, u	pdate, and input th	is data into

Definition/Background: A designation for each FDOT roadway. This classification reflects the desired access management standards to be followed in each classification. These are standards for restrictive medians, median opening separation, and driveway separation. The ranges are from 00-07 and 99. Code 01 is the highest amount of access management control (freeways) and code 07 is the lowest. Code 07 is usually found on suburban built-out corridors.

For further reference, please read *FAC Rule 14-97 Access Management Classification System and Standards*. This can be obtained from the District Systems Implementation Office. For further assistance, please contact Systems Implementation Office at (850) 414-4912.

See Assignment of Access Management Classifications to the SHS, Procedure Number Topic No. 525-030-155. This procedure gives guidance on RCI input as follows:

- 1. Once a classification or reclassification is final, the District Planning Office, or those delegated this task, will enter the Access Management Classification (ACMANCLS) into RCI. The codes are 00-07 and 99.
- 2. The District Planning Office, or the office designated by the District Secretary, will take no longer than 15 days on re-classifications to enter the data.
- 3. The District Planning Office, or the office designated by the District Secretary, should send the District connection application staff (usually in Maintenance) the most up-to-date information on the classifications within five working days of the final agency action.

ACMANCLS | ACCESS MANAGEMENT CLASSIFICATION

		Who/What uses this		Offset	Offset
HPMS	MIRE	Information	Required For	Direction	Distance
N/A		Planning Offices	All Active on System roads.	N/A	N/A



Codes	Descriptions
00	Class would not be applicable
01	Access Class 01
02	Access Class 02
03	Access Class 03
04	Access Class 04
05	Access Class 05
06	Access Class 06
07	Access Class 07
99	Special Corridor Access Management Plan

Class 1—Limited Access, i.e., interstate, Turnpike, Lee Roy Selmon, Suncoast Pkwy, Ingress and egress are only via interchanges.

Class 2—Has frontage roads or a system of interconnections making frequent driveways and median openings not needed.

Class 3-6—Has less strict spacing than class 2 due to multiple factors such as speed, strategic importance of roadway, and surrounding land uses.

Class 7—The least strict; usually found in older, densely developed strip suburban areas.

The following information is used to determine roadway access to the SHS network. This table is an excerpt from Florida Administrative Code (FAC), Rule Chapter 14-97.003, Access Management Classification System and Standards.

			Acces	s Management	Table 1 t Standards for Lim	nited Access Facilities		
Access Management Standards for Limited Access Facilities Access Class Seement Location						Applicable Interchange Spacing Standard		
1	Are	a Type 1	– CBD & Cl	BD Fringe for	Cities in Urbanize	d Areas	1 Mile	
_					as Other Than Area		2 Mile	
Area Type 3				3 Miles				
Area Type 4							6 Mile	es
					Table 2 Standards for Cont	rolled Access Facilities	1	-
Access Class	Medi	an	Median	Opening	Signal Spacing Standard (feet)	Connection Spacing Standard (f	eet)	
			Full	Directional		Posted Speed Greater than 45 MPH		Posted Speed of 45 MPH or less
2	Restrictive		2,640	1,320	2,640	1,320		660
3	Restrictive		2,640	1,320	2,640	660		440
4	Non-Restri				2,640	660		440
5	Restrictive		2,640 Posted Speed Greater than 45 MPH 1,320 Posted Speed of 45 MPH or less	660	2, 640 Posted Speed Greater than 45 MPH 1,320 Posted Speed of 45 MPH or less	440		245
6	Non-Restri	ctive			1,320	440		245
7	Both Media Types	an	660	330	1,320	125		125



FIGURE 2

CONTROLLED ACCESS FACILITIES	CONTROLLED	ACCESS	FACILITIES	
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ACCESS CLASS	FACILITY DESIGN FEATURES	MINIMUM CONNECTION SPACING	MINIMUM MEDIAN OPENING SPACING	MINIMUM MEDIAN OPENING SPACING	MINIMUM SIGNAL SPACING
	(MEDIAN TREATMENT AND ACCESS ROADS)		DIRECTIONAL	FULL	
	Manufacture of the second of t	(FEET)	(FEET)	(MILE)	(MILE)
2	Restrictive with Service Roads	1320/660	1320'	0.5	0.5
3	Restrictive	660/440	1320'	0.5	0.5
4	Non- Restrictive	660/440	N/A	N/A	0.5
5	Restrictive	440/245	660'	0.5/0.25	0.5/0.25
6	Non- Restrictive	440/245	N/A	N/A	0.25
7	Both	125	330'	0.125	0.25

(Greater than 45 MPH/ Less than or = 45 MPH)

NOTE: * Section 14-97.003 and 14-97.004, FAC, contain supplementary and more detailed instrictions for the use of these standards.

14-97.003 Access Management Classification System and Standards

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Access Class 1, Limited Access Highways. Class 1 is the most restrictive. These highways do not provide direct property connections. Accessibility to highways in this class is provided by grade-separated interchanges. Interstate highways and the Turnpike are typical of this class. The interchange spacing standards, based on the area type the highway is passing through.

Access Classes 2-7, General Description. The ACMANCLS for controlled access highways (classes 2-7) are arranged from the most restrictive (class 2) to the least restrictive (class 7). Generally, the highways serving areas without existing extensive development or properties without subdivided frontages will be classified at the top of the range (classes 2, 3, and 4). Those roadways serving areas with existing moderate to extensive development or subdivided properties will generally be classified in the lower classes of the range (classes 5, 6, and 7). The standards for each class are further defined where the posted speed limit is greater than 45 mph or where the posted speed limit is 45 mph or less.

